Summit Public Schools Summit, New Jersey Grade Level 5: Content Area: Visual Arts

Curriculum

Course Description: The fifth grade visual art curriculum provides experiences for students to explore their faculty as visual communicators. Visual messages have power to inform, educate or persuade. The success of visual communication is determined by the artist's ability to command the tools of visual art. Students are provided with experiences to develop their skills, knowledge of elements and principles of art, and awareness of their own visual perception.

Standard 1.1

The Creative Process: All students will demonstrate an understanding of the elements and principles that govern the creation and composition of visual art.

Big Ideas: Active participation in the arts leads to a comprehensive understanding of the imaginative and creative process.

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
What provocative questions will foster inquiry,	What will students understand about the big ideas?
understanding, and transfer of learning?	
How do the elements of art and principles of	Students will understand that
design help us to appreciate art?	
	Students will use the elements of art and
How do art and design enhance functionality and improve our quality of living?	principles of design to communicate ideas.
	Students will identify the different ways the
What does it mean when we say that the	elements and principles of art enhance
elements of art and principles of design are	functionality and improve our quality of
universal?	living.
	The success of visual communication is
	determined by the artist's ability to command
	the tools of visual art.
	Recognize that the elements of art and
	principles of design are universal.

Examples, Outcomes, Assessments
Identify elements of art and principles of design that are evident in everyday life. Begin to understand that ideas for visual expression and design come from many different sources Describe the visual environment and visual information in daily life View contemporary and historical art work Gradually incorporate the vocabulary of visual art into their discussions Compare and contrast works of art in various mediums that use the same art elements and principles of design. ample Assessments: Draw an image of a head. Use many different kinds of lines and patterns. Draw a simple figure like a snowman. Draw facial expressions to communicate an emotion. Create cartoons and tell a story with these figures. Make a name design. Create graphic images from the letter shapes. Interdisciplinary Connections Language arts and the vocabulary of emotion World language "How Do You Feel Today?" using Spanish vocabulary to express emotions. Guidance counselors and identification of feelings Graphic novels, comics and storytelling Technology Integration iPhoto slide shows of nature, artists'
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•	PowerPoint slide shows of student
	artwork from previous years or from
	other sources
•	Poster "How Do You Feel Today?"
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edia	Literacy Integration

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- Analyze and combine the variations in the features of a face. How modifications communicate emotion? Choose a word to describe the mood they create.
- Examine how facial images are used in advertising, cartoons and graphic novels.

Global Perspectives

- Japanese anime
- Comic book culture

The following skills and themes listed to the right should be reflected in the design of units and lessons for this course or content area.

21st Century Skills:

Creativity and Innovation

Critical Thinking and Problem Solving

Communication and Collaboration

Information Literacy

Media Literacy

Life and Career Skills

21st Century Themes (as applies to content area):

> Financial, Economic, Business, and Entrepreneurial Literacy

Civic Literacy

Health Literacy

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All students will understand the role, development, and influence of the arts throughout history and across cultures.

Big Ideas: Course Objectives / Content Statement(s)

All students will understand and analyze the role, development, and influence of the arts in relation to world history cultures, history and society.

arts in relation to world history cultures, history and society.		
Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings	
What provocative questions will foster inquiry,	What will students understand about the big ideas?	
understanding, and transfer of learning?		
What defines an art genre?	Students will understand that	
How can the influence of a single artist affect	An art genre can be identified through	
the artwork of other artists?	characteristic approaches to content, form, and style.	
How can the influence of a single artist cause		
the establishment of a new art genre?	The influence of a single artist can affect the artwork of other artists.	
How do cultures distinguish themselves		
through their artwork?	The influence of a single artist can cause the establishment of a new art genre.	
How do we recognize specific cultures		
through their art?	Visual artwork from diverse cultures and historical eras has distinct characteristics	
What are some themes that are distinct and	and common themes that are revealed by	
common to world art?	contextual clues within the works of art.	
How do societies view the value of the artist?	The function and purpose of art making across cultures is a reflection of societal values and beliefs.	
Areas of Focus: Proficiencies (Cumulative Progress Indicators)	Examples, Outcomes, Assessments	
Students will:	Instructional Focus:	
	 Identify works of visual art based on common themes. Identify works of visual art based on various world cultures. Recognize how an artist has been 	
1.2.5.A.1 Recognize works of dance, music, theatre, and visual art as a reflection of societal values and beliefs. Characteristic approaches to content, form, style, and design define art genres.	 influenced by history. Recognize how an artist has been influenced by contemporary culture. Recognize how artists have influenced one another. Recognize how the development of genres can be caused by the work of a single artist. 	

1.2.5.A.2 Relate common artistic elements that define distinctive art genres in dance, music, theatre, and visual art. Sometimes the contributions of an individual artist can influence a generation of artists and signal the beginning of a new art genre.

1.2.5.A.3 Determine the impact of significant contributions of individual artists in dance, music, theatre, and visual art from diverse cultures throughout history.

Sample Assessments:

- Identify themes in the artwork of various artists Bridget Riley, Victor Vasarely, Wayne Thiebaud, etc.
- Discuss the characteristics of various artists' work.
- Create a drawing using techniques observed in Op Art.
- Use perspective to create the illusion of depth
- Use shading to create the illusion of volume
- Identify how artists influence one another.
- Identify how the artwork of artists has been influenced by contemporary culture
- Use complementary colors to create vibrating boundaries.
- Use complementary colors to create after images.

Instructional Strategies:

Interdisciplinary Connections

- Brain Awareness Month and optical illusion
- Book illustration: <u>Hello Red Fox</u> by Eric Carle

Technology Integration

- PowerPoint slide shows of nature and of artists' work
- iPhoto slide shows of student artwork from previous years or from other sources

Global Perspectives

 Art work from around the world and throughout history involves tricks of the eye

The following skills and themes listed to the	21st Century Skills:
right should be reflected in the design of units	Creativity and Innovation
and lessons for this course or content area.	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy Media Literacy Life and Career Skills
	21st Century Themes (as applies to content area): Financial, Economic, Business, and Entrepreneurial Literacy Civic Literacy Health Literacy

Standard 1.3

1.3 Performance: All students will synthesize those skills, media, methods, and technologies appropriate to creating and/or presenting works in visual art.

Big Ideas: Course Objectives / Content Statement(s)

Actively creating one's own art leads to a comprehensive understanding of the techniques and elements of art involved in the creative process.

elements of art involved in the creative process.	
Essential Questions What provocative questions will foster inquiry,	Enduring Understandings What will students understand about the big
understanding, and transfer of learning?	ideas?
How can the visual arts be used as a tool for expressing one's ideas?	Students will understand that
	Strong skills and control of art materials help
What makes a work of art more easily understood by the viewer?	to make the visual message clear.
	Many possibilities of media, methods, and
What are the common and distinctive characteristics of artworks from diverse	technologies are available to the visual artist.
cultural and historical eras?	Collaboration leads to a variety design solutions.
	Diverse cultural and historical eras have common and distinctive characteristics.

Areas of Focus: Proficiencies	E-complex Outcomes Accessments
(Cumulative Progress Indicators)	Examples, Outcomes, Assessments
Students will:	Instructional Focus:
1.3.5.D.1 Work individually and collaboratively to create two- and three-dimensional works of art that make cohesive visual statements and employ the elements of art and principles of design. 1.3.5.D.2 Identify common and distinctive characteristics of artworks from diverse cultural and historical eras of visual art using age appropriate stylistic terminology (e.g., cubist, surreal, optic, impressionistic), and experiment with various compositional approaches influenced by these styles.	 The elements of art and principles of design can be applied in an infinite number of ways to express personal responses to creative problems. Contextual clues to culturally specific thematic content, symbolism, compositional approach, and stylistic nuance are prevalent in works of art throughout the ages. Each of the genres of visual art (e.g., realism, surrealism, abstract/nonobjective art, conceptual art, and others) is associated with appropriate vocabulary and a stylistic approach to art making. The characteristics and physical properties of the various materials available for use in art-making present infinite possibilities for potential application. The characteristics and physical properties of the various materials available for use in art-making present infinite possibilities for potential application.
1.3.5.D.3 Identify common and distinctive characteristics of genres of visual artworks (e.g., realism, surrealism, abstract/nonobjective art, conceptual art, and others) using age-appropriate terminology, and experiment with various compositional approaches influenced by these genres.	 Sample Assessments: Create a food painting in the style of Wayne Thiebaud in the Pop Art genre. After the study of Australian Aboriginal art, create a dot or x-ray painting employing animal shapes. In honor of Chinese New Year, students learn about the art of bamboo painting using traditional tools and techniques. Create a clay dragon using a variety of joining techniques and textures. Create a clay box and lid. Make it resemble food. Maybe a cupcake! Create an sculpture of a fantasy figure incorporating animal patterns and features and the influence of African design. Create a 3D mask in the Chinese

Students will: **Instructional Focus:** The elements of art and principles of design can be applied in an infinite number of wave to express personal 1.3.5.D.1 Work individually and collaboratively to create two- and threedimensional works of art that make cohesive visual statements and employ the elements of art and principles of design. 1.3.5.D.2 Identify common and distinctive characteristics of artworks from diverse cultural and historical eras of visual art using age appropriate stylistic terminology (e.g., cubist, surreal, optic, impressionistic), and experiment with various compositional approaches influenced by these styles. 1.3.5.D.3 Identify common and distinctive characteristics of genres of visual artworks (e.g., realism, surrealism, abstract/nonobjective art, conceptual art, and others) using age-appropriate terminology, and experiment with various compositional approaches influenced by these genres.

Standard 1.4

1.4 Aesthetic Responses & Critique Methodologies: All students will demonstrate and apply an understanding of arts philosophies, judgment, and analysis to works of visual art.

Strand A. Aesthetic Responses

Big Ideas: Course Objectives / Content Statement(s)

Aesthetic knowledge stimulates judgment and imagination empowering students to interpret, appreciate and extract meaning from the arts.

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
What provocative questions will foster inquiry,	What will students understand about the big ideas?
understanding, and transfer of learning?	
How can works of visual art be categorized?	Students will understand that
What are some established classifications of visual arts?	Works of visual art be categorized may be organized according to their functions and artistic purposes.
What are the criteria for making an informed	
aesthetic response to a work of art?	Some established classifications of visual arts are genre, medium, message, and theme.
What individual inspiration, frame of	
reference, or personal/social value can be observed in a work of visual art?	What are the criteria for making an informed aesthetic response to a work of art?
	The viewer needs to understand the relationship between compositional design and genre in order to make informed aesthetic responses to artworks.
Areas of Focus: Proficiencies	Examples, Outcomes, Assessments
(Cumulative Progress Indicators)	1 /
Students will:	Instructional Focus:
1.4.5.A.1 Employ basic, discipline-specific	Works of art may be organized
arts terminology to categorize works of visual	according to their functions and
art according to established classifications.	artistic purposes (e.g., genres,
are according to compliance chapming the distributions.	mediums, messages, themes).
	Formalism in visual art varies
	according to personal, cultural, and historical contexts.
	Criteria for determining the aesthetic

Students will:	Instructional Focus:
1.4.5.A.1 Employ basic, discipline-specific	
arts terminology to categorize works of visual	
art according to established classifications.	
1.4.5.A.2 Make informed aesthetic responses	
to artworks based on structural arrangement	
and personal, cultural, and historical points of	
view.	
1.4.5.A.3 Demonstrate how art communicates	
ideas about personal and social values and is inspired by an individual's imagination and	
frame of reference (e.g., personal, social,	
political, historical context).	
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The following skills and themes listed to the	21st Century Skills:
right should be reflected in the design of units	Creativity and Innovation
and lessons for this course or content area.	
	Critical Thinking and Problem Solving
	Communication and Collaboration
	Information Literacy
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	Media Literacy
	Life and Career Skills
	Life and Career Skins
	21st Century Themes (as applies to content
	area):
	Financial, Economic, Business, and
	Entrepreneurial Literacy
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	Civic Literacy
	Health Literacy

Standard 1.4

1.4 Aesthetic Responses & Critique Methodologies: All students will demonstrate and apply an understanding of arts philosophies, judgment, and analysis to works of visual art.

Strand B. Critique Methodologies

Big Ideas: Course Objectives / Content Statement(s)

Aesthetic knowledge stimulates judgment and imagination empowering students to interpret, appreciate and extract meaning from the arts.

Essential Questions	Enduring Understandings
What provocative questions will foster inquiry,	What will students understand about the big ideas?
understanding, and transfer of learning?	g
How do you know good art when you see it?	Students will understand that
What is the role of the artist in contemporary society?	Identifying criteria for evaluating performances results in deeper understanding of art and art-making.
	Decoding simple contextual clues requires evaluation mechanisms, such as rubrics, to sort fact from opinion.
	While there is shared vocabulary among the four arts disciplines of dance, music, theatre,

How do you know good art when you see it?	Students will understand that
What is the role of the artist in contemporary society?	Identifying criteria for evaluating performances results in deeper understanding of art and art-making.
	Decoding simple contextual clues requires evaluation mechanisms, such as rubrics, to sort fact from opinion.
	While there is shared vocabulary among the four arts disciplines of dance, music, theatre, and visual art, each also has its own discipline specific arts terminology.
	Levels of proficiency can be assessed through analyses of how artists apply the elements of art and principles of design.
	Artists and audiences can and do disagree about the relative merits of artwork. When assessing works of dance, music, theatre and visual art, it is important to consider the context for the creation and performance of the work (e.g., Who was the creator? What purpose does the artwork serve? Who is the intended audience?).
Areas of Focus: Proficiencies (Cumulative Progress Indicators)	Examples, Outcomes, Assessments
Students will:	Instructional Focus:
1.4.5.B.1 Assess the application of the elements of art and principles of design in visual artworks using observable, objective criteria.	 Works of art may be evaluated by using objective criteria. Objectivity may be ensured by employing rubrics. Use specific visual arts vocabulary

1.4.5.B.3 Use discipline-specific arts terminology to evaluate the strengths and weaknesses of works visual art. 1.4.5.B.4 Define technical proficiency, using the elements of the arts and principles of design.	 Interpret the emotional qualities/artist's intent Analytic Rubric Portfolio Self-Assessment Instructional Strategies: Interdisciplinary Connections Explore influences for visual rhythm in art (music, nature, dance, etc.) Compare/contrast varied artworks having similar themes Technology Integration iPhoto slide shows of nature, artists' work PowerPoint slide shows of student artwork from previous years or from other sources Global Perspectives The international influence of artists upon one another, despite country of origin Art work from around the world and the world and the world and the world and the world are the second or the second
1.4.5.B.5 Distinguish ways in which individuals may disagree about the relative merits and effectiveness of artistic choices in the creation and performance of works of visual art.	throughout history involves use of principles of art and design.
The following skills and themes listed to the right should be reflected in the design of units and lessons for this course or content area.	21st Century Skills: Creativity and Innovation Critical Thinking and Problem Solving Communication and Collaboration Information Literacy

Media Literacy
Life and Career Skills
21st Century Themes (as applies to content area): Financial, Economic, Business, and Entrepreneurial Literacy
Civic Literacy
Health Literacy

Texts and Resources:

- Metropolitan Museum of Art website: "Explore and Learn" Washington Crossing the Delaware (www.metmuseum.org)
- http://www.metmuseum.org/explore/gw/el_gw.htm
- Colonial Williamsburg interactive website for children http://www.history.org/kids/
- http://sarahsartroom.wordpress.com/2010/05/18/wayne-thiebaud-coil-cupcake-boxes/