Summit Public Schools Summit, New Jersey Grade Level: Second/ Content Area: READING

2019-2020 School Year

Curriculum

Pacing Guide for Reading and Writing Units of Study

| Month | Reading Unit | Writing Unit | Phonics Unit |
|-----------------------|--|--|--|
| September / October | Second Grade Reading Growth Spurts (Book 1) Growing Word Solving Muscles (Two-Week Mini-Unit: User Guide) | Revving Up Writing Muscles (Two-Week Mini-Unit: User Guide) Lessons from the Masters: Improving Narrative Writing (Book 1) | Growing Into Second Grade Phonics (Book 1) |
| November/ December | Becoming Experts: Reading Nonfiction (Book 2) | The How To Guide to Nonfiction Writing (New Book 2016) | If Then Phonics (Online Resources) |
| December/January | Studying Characters and Their Stories (IfThen) | Writing About Reading (Book 3) | Big Words Take Big Resolve: Tackling Multisyllabic Word (Book 2) |
| January/February | Bigger Books Mean Amping Up Reading Power (Book 3) | Poetry: Big Thoughts in Small Packages (Book 4) | If Then Phonics (Online Resources) |
| March/April | Reading Nonfiction Cover to Cover: Nonfiction Book Clubs (IfThen) | Lab Reports and Science Books (Book 2) | Word Collectors (Book 4) |
| May/June | Series Reading Clubs (Book 4) | Writing Gripping Fictional Stories (IfThen) | If Then Phonics (Online Resources) |

Unit 1: Second-Grade Reading Growth Spurt and Growing Word Solving Muscles

September/October

This unit is designed as an introduction to second grade reading workshop. Students will learn to take charge of their reading life by participating in their new classroom community, reading independently, and working with partners. In Bend I students will begin to develop routines for selecting and recording book information. They will analyze habits of good readers and begin to demonstrate those same habits which include reading independently. Bend II will focus on solving tricky words. Bend III focuses on paying attention to the author's craft.

| Reading | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Big Ideas: Course Objectives / Content Statement(s) | | | |
| ☐ Establish routines, procedures, and expectations for reading time in second grade | | | |
| Identify strategies for staying focused and building | g stamina | | |
| Identify ways to read and talk about books with page 1 | ☐ Identify ways to read and talk about books with partners | | |
| Retelling and monitoring for sense | | | |
| Essential Questions | Enduring Understandings | | |
| What provocative questions will foster inquiry, | What will students understand about the big ideas? | | |
| understanding, and transfer of learning? | | | |
| | Students will understand that | | |
| How do readers make decisions based on | Readers decide how they want their reading life to go. | | |
| habits, volume, and stamina? | Readers are always thinking- before, during, and after the book. | | |
| ☐ How do readers think about before, during, and | Readers prepare and plan for partner reading time. | | |
| after reading? | There are many ways that readers can help themselves while reading. | | |
| ☐ What can partners talk about to grow ideas | One of the most important ways to understand what we read is to | | |
| about their reading? | successfully retell books to our partners. | | |
| ☐ How do readers become independent problem | | | |
| solvers? | | | |
| ☐ How can I get ready to share books I'm reading | | | |
| with my partner, retelling the important parts or | | | |
| parts that stood out to me and talking about | | | |
| what I've learned? | | | |

Unit 2: Becoming Experts: Reading Nonfiction

November/December

This unit has three bends that focus on nonfiction reading. Students will tackle the wide range of nonfiction books on different topics. Bend I focuses students' attention on growing knowledge as they pay attention to details, put parts of the text together, and question texts. Bend II tackles both tricky word work and vocabulary development students need to navigate nonfiction reading. Bend III sets readers up to grow knowledge across texts as they read topic sets of texts, comparing, contrasting, and connecting information across texts and text sets. They are also required to focus on vocabulary work that accompanies nonfiction reading. Another big emphasis for second grade readers is partnerships. Partnerships will teach each other about these expert topics—to show off what they know.

| Reading | | |
|---|---|--|
| Big Ideas: Course Objectives / Content Statement(s) ☐ Getting their minds ready to read nonfiction texts ☐ Strategies for reading to learn ☐ Read books across a topic ☐ Strategies for accumulating information ☐ Strategies for dealing with nonfiction difficulty ☐ Strategies for solving tricky word and vocabulary | | |
| Essential Questions What provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning? | Enduring Understandings What will students understand about the big ideas? | |
| How do nonfiction readers read to become smarter about our world? How do nonfiction readers accumulate information by seeing more than just the text on the page? How do nonfiction readers tackle tricky words in their books? How do nonfiction readers read more than one book about a topic to compare and contrast? | Students will understand that There are many ways readers read nonfiction to become smarter about our world. Readers do not just use text only to accumulate information, but they use pictures, ask questions, talk to their partners and use post-its. Readers use all their strategies for tricky words for fiction reading during their nonfiction reading; including figuring it out with our partner. There are ways readers read books across a topic to understand their subject or compare and contrast. | |

Unit 3: Studying Characters and Their Stories

December/January

This unit focuses on the explicit instruction in skills and strategies for growing ideas about characters. Students are now reading early chapter books and this unit will help them with accumulating the story, linking chapters, and inferring about characters. This unit helps children work to dig deep into their stories.

Bend I teaches students to study characters before, during, and after reading. Students gather information about the book before they read by making predictions about characters. Then, while reading, children will use pictures and words to gather character information. At the end of the book, they'll think about character change and lessons learned. Bend II focuses on studying characters, even when the work is hard! Readers learn specific strategies to support the understanding of unfamiliar vocabulary, analyzing surprising or confusing behavior, and improving comprehension through fluent reading. Bend III investigates how characters change and grow: noticing how characters felt or behaved at the beginning of the book and how that changes at the end. Students will learn to pinpoint key moments in the story that highlight lessons learned.

| Reading | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Big Ideas: Course Objectives / Content Statement(s) | | | |
| ☐ Strategies readers do to get to know their characters | | | |
| ☐ Grow ideas and theories about characters wants a | and troubles | | |
| ☐ Think more closely about characters' traits and fe | | | |
| , | Readers begin to retell as they read, not just after the book | | |
| ☐ Think about themes or lessons learned | | | |
| Essential Questions | Enduring Understandings | | |
| What provocative questions will foster inquiry, | What will students understand about the big ideas? | | |
| understanding, and transfer of learning? | | | |
| What are the things readers do before, during, | Students will understand that | | |
| and after reading a book to be a thoughtful | We can get to know the characters wants and troubles by tracking | | |
| reader of characters and stories? | them through our books. | | |
| ☐ How can I draw on strategies to continue | We think about the character's traits and examples from the story to | | |
| getting to know characters even when it's hard | prove that a character is acting a certain way. | | |
| to do so? | Characters have feelings in the beginning, middle and end of any book. | | |
| ☐ How can I study how characters grow and | Readers can talk to their partners to find deeper meaning in their books. | | |
| change and think about lessons the author may | Readers find deeper meaning through the changes characters go | | |
| have intended? | through from beginning to end, as well as what the character learned in | | |
| | the story and how it connects to their own life. | | |

Unit 4: Bigger Books Mean Amping Up Reading Power

January/February

This unit has four parts and its focus is to study foundational reading skills. Bend I focuses on reading with fluency. Students will revisit what it looks and sounds like to read books with a smooth, expressive voice. Bend II immerses students in texts with rich language, exploring figurative language. Students learn to read closely and to monitor for sense. Bend III emphasizes strategies readers use when they read longer books. Students are reminded to slow down, reread, and jot ideas on post-its. In Bend IV, students work together in clubs to make and reach goals. Students take on the role of a researcher. To celebrate this unit, students will teach others about reading. They will share their research on an area of reading they focused on: Fluency Club, Literary Language Club, and Keeping Track of Longer Book Club.

| | Reading | |
|--|--|--|
| Big Ideas: Course Objectives / Content Statement(s) Reading with Voice and Meaning Tackling New Vocabulary and Tricky Words with Greater Resolve Understanding the Many Reasons to Reread and Giving These a Go! Forming Goal Clubs to Make Reading Shine | | |
| Essential Questions What provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning? | Enduring Understandings What will students understand about the big ideas? | |
| How can I use my voice to read fiction books in ways that help me get the most out of them—and so that they sound the way an author intended them to be read? How do I tackle any new and tricky vocabulary as I read, using clues like other words and what's happening in the text to make sense of these? How do I understand all the many reasons to reread so that I can get the most out of my books a second, third, and even fourth time reading them? | Readers read with voice and meaning Readers tackle new vocabulary and tricky words with greater effort and skill Readers understand the effectiveness to reread their text Readers can form clubs to reflect on what we learned and make our reading shine. | |

| Once I've figured out what I need to focus on | |
|--|--|
| most to make my reading stronger, how can I | |
| work with other kids who have the same goal in | |
| a (fluency/vocabulary/or rereading) club to | |
| tackle that goal? | |

Unit 5: Reading Nonfiction Cover to Cover: Nonfiction Book Clubs March/April

The focus of this unit is to improve your students' nonfiction reading skills, and to work on their speaking and listening skills. Students will learn to move from fact-collecting to deeper understanding of main idea and supporting details. Students will learn to think across topics, reading many text not just one. They learn to synthesize and summarize text. This unit is designed for transitional readers around levels H-M.

Bend I focuses on students bringing their strength as nonfiction readers to clubs. Students will be reminded to preview text, make predictions, and make plans for reading and rereading text. You also support them in working together as a club. In Bend II, nonfiction clubs add their own ideas to what they learn. The focus is to teach students to refer back to the text to support their ideas. In Bend III, nonfiction clubs compare and contrast information about topics. You will teach students to notice both content and style of books as they notice similarities and differences.

| Reading | | |
|--|--|--|
| Big Ideas: Course Objectives / Content Statement(s) Follow sets of rules and protocols that you expect clubs to uphold similar to series clubs last month Build up on or deepen the base of nonfiction strategies that were introduced previously Nonfiction readers talk about the information they've learned or found and talk about their own thinking and reactions to the information. Compare and contrast information about our topics | | |
| Essential Questions What provocative questions will foster inquiry, understanding, and transfer of learning? | Enduring Understandings What will students understand about the big ideas? | |
| How do nonfiction readers become stronger thinkers with their clubs? How do readers have their own ideas about a topic and not just what a text has taught us? How do nonfiction clubs compare and contrast information about their topics? | Students will understand that There are many ways that readers come prepared to talk in their nonfiction reading clubs. There are many ways nonfiction readers grow their own ideas about a topic after reading it. There are many ways nonfiction readers compare and contrast information about topics learned. | |

Unit 6: Series Reading Clubs

May/June

This unit focuses on familiar series books, supporting partner work and book clubs. In Bend I, the students will begin reading a series with their partners, collecting information about the main characters of their books. In Bend II, students will reread books and engage in inquiry, thinking about the craft the writer uses. In the final bend, students will begin to invent ways to share their books with others. They will learn ways to debate inside their clubs, as another way to share and talk about books.

| Reading | | |
|---|---|--|
| Big Ideas: Course Objectives / Content Statement(s) | | |
| Thinking across books in a series- noticing patterns | ☐ Thinking across books in a series- noticing patterns, and predicting what will happen | |
| Readers grow ideas by looking across all series read by comparing and contrasting to push our thinking | | |
| ☐ Reading series books or just one book can lead us | to wonder about a topic | |
| Our reading club partners help push our thinking, especially with the characters in our books | | |
| Essential Questions | Enduring Understandings | |
| What provocative questions will foster inquiry, | What will students understand about the big ideas? | |
| understanding, and transfer of learning? | | |
| How do readers figure out how a series goes, | Students will understand that | |
| noticing patterns and predicting what will | There are many things to notice while reading our series books and | |
| happen? | they are often marked with a post-it. | |
| How do readers grow smart ideas across | Readers talk and share ideas in their clubs about their series books to | |
| different series? | push their thinking. | |
| What do readers need to pay attention to so they | ☐ Readers wonder about new topics while reading series books and use | |
| are not surprised throughout their series book? | many ways to research or find information out about that topic. | |
| How do readers share opinions with the world | Readers can be surprised now and then on how their story ends or the | |
| about books they love? | character's behavior as they are not always predictably. | |
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